

# カリキュラム Curriculum

## 指導教員 | Supervisors

OSIPPの学生は、その研究対象に応じて指導教員を決め、学位論文の作成や日常の学習、研究活動について指導、助言を受けます。指導教員は学生の所属する専攻(国際公共政策または比較公共政策)に関わりなく、OSIPPの専任教員全体の中から選ぶことができます(ただし、特任教員、客員教員、招へい教員、非常勤講師は指導教員にはできません)。

博士後期課程の学生と修士論文に本格的に取り組む博士前期課程2年次の学生に対しては、副指導教員を加え2人指導教員体制で研究指導の充実を図っています。

Depending on his or her area of research, each student at OSIPP chooses a supervisor who will provide guidance and advice concerning thesis writing and daily learning and research activities. Students can select any full-time member of OSIPP's academic staff and need not restrict themselves to their own department (International Public Policy or Comparative Public Policy). (However, specially appointed staff, visiting professors, guest professors and part-time lecturers cannot be chosen as supervisors.)

The School also strives to provide extensive research guidance for doctoral course students and second-year Master's course students who are working actively on their thesis through a two-person supervisor approach that includes an assistant supervisor.

## 学位取得要件 | Degree Requirements

博士前期課程の学生は、原則として講義科目、演習、およびプロジェクト演習のうちから、合計30単位以上を修得し、必要な研究指導を受けた上、修士論文を提出しなければなりません。修士論文およびこれに関連のある学識についての口頭試験を経て、審査に合格すれば修士(国際公共政策)の学位が授与されます。

博士後期課程の学生は、原則として特殊研究、プロジェクト演習のうちから、合計8単位以上を修得し、必要な研究指導を受けた上、博士論文を提出しなければなりません。博士論文およびこれに関連のある学識についての口頭試験を経て、審査に合格すれば博士(国際公共政策)の学位が授与されます。

後期課程の修業年限は通常3年ですが、優れた業績をあげたと認められた場合は1年以上の在籍で学位を得ることも可能です(早期修了制度)。これまで1年、2年で博士号を取得した例もあります。

Master's course students must in principal complete a total of at least 30 credits in lecture subjects, seminars, and project studies and submit a Master's thesis after receiving the necessary research guidance. The student is awarded a Master's degree (in international public policy) after an oral examination covering the thesis and related knowledge and a review.

Doctoral course students must in principal complete a total of at least 8 credits in special research and project studies and submit a doctoral thesis after receiving the necessary research guidance. The student is awarded a doctoral degree (in international public policy) after an oral examination covering the thesis and related knowledge and a review.

While the doctoral course normally requires a minimum of three years of study, students with exceptional performance may earn their degree after at least one year of enrollment (under the School's early graduation program). There are cases of students having earned doctoral degrees in one or two years.

## ダブルディグリー・プログラムについて | Double degree program

OSIPPは2014年度からオランダのグローニンゲン大学と2015年度からは、フィリピンでのラ・サル大学と協定を結び、ダブルディグリー・プログラムを開始しています。

本プログラムに参加する博士前期課程学生は、OSIPP在学中にそれぞれの大学に約1年間留学することにより両大学から修士号を取得することが可能です。

グローニンゲン大学では、Research MA programme in Modern History and International Relations に約1年間留学し、それぞれの学位取得要件を満たすことで修士(国際公共政策)及び MA in Modern History and International Relations を取得することができます。

デ・ラ・サル大学では、リベラルアーツ学部大学院課程に約1年間留学し、それぞれの学位取得要件を満たすことで修士(国際公共政策)に加えて、修士(開発政策)または修士(政治学)を取得することができます。

In 2014, OSIPP concluded an agreement with the University of Groningen in the Netherlands, and in 2015, with De La Salle University in the Philippines, which comprise OSIPP's double degree program.

Master's students at OSIPP who participate in this program with the University of Groningen will study at Groningen for a period of one year under the Research MA programme in Modern History and International Relations, and upon meeting the requirements under both courses, will be awarded with MA in International Public Policy, and MA in Modern History and International Relations.

For the program with De La Salle University, Master's students will spend roughly one year under that university's College of Liberal Arts program, and upon completing the requirements for OSIPP and De La Salle University, will be awarded with MA in International Public Policy and MA in Development Policy, Political Science, or Japanese Studies.



## 開講科目 | Subjects Offered

各科目は原則として半年単位で開講(セメスター制)されますが、一部は長期休暇中の集中形式、隔週開講の通年形式でも開講されます。開講科目には、講義科目、報告・討論を中心としたゼミナール形式の演習、研究プロジェクトを推進するプロジェクト演習があります。単位数は基本的に1科目2単位で、一部1単位又は4単位の科目もあります。社会人学生の単位修得を容易にするため、長期休暇中に組まれる科目を用意しておりますが、博士前期課程の場合、2年間で所要単位数を修得するためには、平日の昼間に開講される科目を受講する必要があります。

While most courses last six months (one semester), OSIPP also offers intensive classes during extended vacations and year-round classes that meet every other week. Subjects offered take the form of lecture classes, seminars focusing on reports and discussion, and project studies in which students pursue research projects. Most subjects are worth two credits, although there are also some one- and four-credit courses. Although the School offers subjects during extended vacations to make it easier for adults to earn credits, Master's course students would need to take subjects offered during the day on weekdays in order to earn the required number of credits in two years.

## 2017年度 開講科目

経済学 Economics	政治学 Politics	法学 Law
● 応用エコノメトリクスI・II Applied Econometrics I・II	● 公共政策I Public Policy I	● 国際法 International Law
● 現代ミクロ経済学I・II Modern Microeconomics I・II	● 国際関係論 International Relations	● 国際公共政策のための法律学 Introduction to Legal Studies for International Public Policy Students
● 現代マクロ経済学I・II Modern Macroeconomics I・II	● 外交論 The Art of Diplomacy	● 国際人権法 International Human Rights Law
● 政策データ分析法 Statistical Methods for Policy Analysis	● 国際連合システム論 U.N.Reform and a New World Order	● 国際私法 Private International Law
● デシジョン セオリー(ミクロ経済学入門) Decision Theory	● 国際関係論の理論と方法 Research Methods for IR Students	● 国際取引法I International Business Transactions
● 公共経済学 Public Economics	● 比較政治システム論 Comparison of Political Systems	● 比較現代私法論 Comparative Contemporary Private Law
● 経済開発論 Economic Development	● 国際報道英語論 Studies on English in International Press	● 経営者と語るリーダーシップ Learning Leadership from Leaders
● 国際貿易論 International Trade Theory	● 歴史研究方法論1・2 Methodology of Historical Studies1・2	● 国際経済関係の法と制度 Law and Institutions International Economic Relations
● 地域統合 Regional Integration	● アフリカの政治と紛争 African politics and conflict	● 国際判例研究 International Case Law
● 人事の統計分析1・3 Statistical Analysis of Personnel 1・3	● 紛争研究概論 Conflict Studies	● ヨーロッパ人権保障体制 European System for Protection of Human Rights
● 国際貿易政策 International Trade Policy: Empirical Analysis and Policy Debates	● 平和構築論 Peacebuilding	● ネゴシエーションI・II Negotiation I・II
● 開発問題の計量分析 Quantitative Analysis of Development Issues	● 紛争分析 Analysis Conflict	● 環境法 Environmental Law
● 労働経済学の実証分析 Empirical Analyses on Labor Economics	● 平和構築の諸問題 Peacebuilding	● 国際環境法 International Environmental Law
● 公共政策ワークショップ Public Policy Workshop	● 多文化共生論 Multicultural Coexistence	● ジェンダーと法 Gender and the Law
● Political Economics 1・2	● 国際行政論 International Public Administration	● WTOと健康・環境の保護 Health, Environment, and the WTO
● 現代財政システム論 Contemporary Japanese Public System	● 平和研究 Peace Studies	● 現代私法論 Contemporary Private Law
● 開発と環境 Development and Environment	● アメリカ外交論 American Foreign Policy	● 武力紛争法 Law of Armed Conflict
● 国際マクロ経済学 International macroeconomics	● 核兵器と国際関係 Nuclear Weapons and International Relations	● 海洋法・航空宇宙法 Law of the Sea/Law of the Air and Space
● 人材配置の経済学 Economics of Human Resource Allocation	● Agenda-setting	● 私法における法的思考 Legal Thinking in Private Law
● 労働市場政策I・II Labor Market Policy I・II	● アメリカ対外関係研究 U.S. Foreign Relations	● 比較憲法論 Comparative Constitutional Law
● 教育と不平等の経済学 Economics of Education and Inequality	● ナショナリズム論 Nationalism	● 法政策学 Law and Policy
● 行動経済学 Behavioral Economic Theory	● 国連安保理とアカウンタビリティ UN Security Council and Accountability	● 法社会学 Sociology of Law
● 経済成長論 Economic Growth	● 比較政治学 Comparative Politics of Developing Countries	● EU法 EU Law
● 行政組織のガバナンス Economics Analysis of Public Organization and Governance	● EU論(歴史・制度・政治) History, Institutions and Politics of the European Union	● EU域内市場法 EU Internal Market Law
● マクロ経済学の応用 Applications of Macroeconomics	● アジア政治史 Political History of East Asia	● 法と開発 Law in Development
		● 法と共生社会実践演習I・II Legal Service in Multicultural Society I・II

## 基本科目 | Basic Subjects

OSIPPでは、初めて法律・政治・経済を学ぶ学生のために、基本科目を開講しています。

OSIPP offers basic subjects for students who are studying law, politics or economics for the first time.

科目名 | Subject name

授業のねらい、重要性 | Class purpose and importance

### 【法律・政治系】 Law and Political Science

#### 国際法 International Law

国際法の未履修者を対象に国際社会における法と政治を理解することを目的としている。日本が関連した事件や紛争を中心に扱う。

This class is designed to help students who have not previously studied international law develop an understanding of law and politics in international society. It focuses on events and conflicts involving Japan.

#### 国際公共政策のための法律学 Introduction to Legal Studies for International Public Policy Students

法学の未履修者に、法の世界では何がどのように問題となっているのか、法的思考にはどのような特殊性があるのかを伝授する。

This course explores problems in the legal world and the special characteristics of legal thought. It is designed for students who have not previously studied law.

#### 公共政策 I (政治過程の理論と方法) Public Policy I (Theory and Method of Political Processes)

公共政策の形成・実施プロセスを法や政治のダイナミズムのなかに見出し、多様な分野の政策のケースを検討しつつ、公共性を有した政策のあり方を考える。

This class explores the processes by which public policy is formed and implemented in the context of the dynamism of law and politics, considering the characteristics of policy with a public nature while investigating specific policies in a variety of fields.

#### 国際関係論 International Relations

国際公共政策研究を進める上で必要となる国際関係論の基本的な概念や理論、イシューを学ぶ。

Students study the basic concepts, theories, and issues of international relations of which knowledge is necessary in order to pursue international public policy research.

### 【経済系】 Economics

#### 応用エコノメトリックスI Applied Econometrics I

データ解析のための基本理論とその応用方法を学ぶ。データを用いて個人や企業、政府、国などの行動を分析する技術、政策評価の技術を習得する。

Students study the basic theory of data analysis and the methods by which it is applied in order to learn techniques for analyzing the behavior of entities such as individuals, corporations, governments and nations and for evaluating policy.

#### 現代ミクロ経済学I Contemporary Microeconomics I

ミクロ経済学の基礎固めをすることがねらいである。本講義で中心に扱う価格理論はミクロ経済学の中心的役割を担う理論であり特に重要である。

This class is designed to provide a basic grounding in microeconomics. Price theory, on which this lecture focuses, plays a central and particularly important role in microeconomics.

#### 現代マクロ経済学I Contemporary Macroeconomics I

マクロ経済学の基本的フレームワークを学ぶ。そのフレームワークを使って、①長期の経済成長や国家間の所得格差の源泉、さらには②短期の不況への対策の在り方についての議論を整理していく。必要に応じてデータを提示し、理論の妥当性を問う。

Students study the basic frameworks of macroeconomics and learn to use them to organize discussions about (1) long-term economic growth and income disparities between nations and (2) measures to counteract short-term recessions. They also learn to present data as needed to question the validity of theories.

## インターンシップ・プロジェクト | Internship Projects

OSIPPは日本で初めて、インターンシップの授業を設けた大学院です。

OSIPPでは、創設以来、専門的職業人育成の観点からインターンシップの持つ教育効果を重視し、大学院生がインターンシップに参加することを奨励してきました。特に1998年度からは、インターンシップを「プロジェクト演習」という正規科目として位置づけて、毎年、多くの学生に国内外でのインターンシップの機会を提供しています。

この科目の目的は、インターンシップの送り出しを制度的にサポートし、促進することにあります。受講者は、インターンシップを通じて、実務上のスキルや実際の現場の課題を学ぶことができ、社会人・組織人としての体験ができます。また、研究テーマを見つける、あるいは絞り込む上で、インターン経験やインターン先で関わったプロジェクトが役に立つ場合も多く、参加者は、インターン先の組織を内部からじっくり観察でき、就職に結びつくこともあります。

OSIPP was the first graduate school in Japan to offer internship classes.

Since its establishment, OSIPP has recognized the educational effect that the internship projects have on the professional career development and encouraged graduate students to take an active part in a variety of internship activities. The School, in particular since 1998, has offered internship programs as regular curriculum and provided students with a tremendous internship opportunity in Japan or overseas.

This class is designed to improve student participation in the internship programs by providing institutional supports. Internships provide participants with a valuable chance to work through issues and problems that arise in the field, obtain practical skills and gain a hands-on work experience. Internships also offer opportunities to find and develop a research topic by integrating practical work experiences with academic work and explore potential career paths by experiencing the professional world.

### これまでの主なインターンシップ先 Principal Internship Organizations

- 国際機関(国際連合、国際移住機関、経済協力開発機構など)  
International organizations (the United Nations, IOM, OECD, etc.)
- 外国政府在日公館・日本政府在外公館  
Diplomatic Establishments of foreign governments in Japan  
Diplomatic Establishments of the Japanese government overseas
- 中央官庁(外務省、環境省など)・地方自治体  
Ministries and other central bodies of the Japanese government (Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of the Environment, etc.)  
Local governments in Japan
- 日本政府の援助機関(国際協力機構=JICAなど)  
Japanese government-run aid agencies  
(Japan International Cooperation Agency [JICA], etc.)
- シンクタンク・総合研究所・コンサルタント会社  
Think tanks and research institutes  
Consulting Firms
- 経済団体  
Economic organizations
- 国会議員事務所・地方議会議員事務所  
Offices of Diet members  
Offices of local assembly members
- 弁護士事務所  
Attorneys' offices
- 金融機関(銀行、生命保険会社など)・メーカー・外資系企業  
Financial institutions (banks, life insurance companies, etc.)  
Manufacturers  
Foreign-owned companies
- NPO / NGO  
NPOs and NGOs
- メディア(新聞社、通信社など)  
Media outlets (newspapers, news agencies, etc.)

### 大学院高度副プログラムの制度 | Graduate School Advanced Minor Programs

大阪大学では所属する研究科(専攻)のカリキュラムに加えて、幅広い分野の素養を身につけるとともに高度な専門性を獲得する機会を与え、また勉学意欲を喚起することを目的とした教育プログラムを本学大学院の共通の制度として実施しています(2008年4月から開始)。各プログラム毎の所定単位数を修得することでプログラム修了認定証を授与します。

<http://www.osaka-u.ac.jp/ja/education/fukusenkou>

Osaka University's Graduate School Advanced Minor Programs lets students supplement the curriculum of the graduate school (department) to which they belong. This joint educational program, which was launched in April 2008, is designed to give students an opportunity to study a broad range of fields so that they may obtain a more advanced level of specialization while awakening an appetite for learning. Students can earn a certificate of completion in each program by earning the required number of credits.

<http://www.osaka-u.ac.jp/en/education/fukusenkou/index.html>

## 奨学援助制度

# Scholarship and Financial Assistance Programs

### 奨学金、授業料免除制度など | Scholarship, tuition (fee) exemption program, and other financial assistance

日本学生支援機構の奨学金のほか、各種地方公共団体、民間団体からの奨学金の募集があり、随時紹介します。経済的な理由により授業料の納付が困難で、かつ学業優秀と認められる学生に対して、授業料の全額または半額が免除される制度があります。また、リサーチアシスタント、ティーチングアシスタント、留学生の相談に応じるチューター、学内のアルバイトなどが募集され、報酬が支払われます。

In addition to scholarship from Japan Student Services Organization, OSIPP provides information to students about how to apply for funds from various regional public groups and private organizations as they become available.

OSIPP also offers a program that exempts students with exceptional academic performance who have difficulty paying tuition for economic reasons from all or half of their tuition.

Additionally, paid student positions are available, including as research assistants, teaching assistants, and tutors for international students. There are also part-time positions at the School.

## Support for International Students

Osaka University has many programs for housing, financial assistance, and language study for international students enrolled in any of Osaka University's Programs.

### Accommodations

Osaka University has some dormitories for international students. Applications for residing at them are usually done after admission. Any such application must be submitted through the graduate school. Please ask at the Educational Affairs Section (Kyomu-Kakari) of OSIPP for further details.

If dormitories are not available, international students find housing through their friends and acquaintances already in Japan. Osaka University CO-OP also assists students wishing to find housing.

### Scholarships

The number of Japanese Government scholarships granted to students before they come to Japan is limited. For further information on this scholarship, please contact the Japanese Embassy or Consulate in your home country.

A number of international students who come to Osaka University also hold scholarships offered by the government of their home countries. For further information, please contact the relevant offices or foundations in your home country.

In Japan, there are several international students support organization (local authorities and private scholarship foundations) scholarships available to private (self-financed) students who are recognized as having outstanding academic records and who are experiencing financial difficulties. In general, scholarships are applied for after entry into the university.

The applications for some scholarships are processed through the Educational Affairs Section (Kyomu-Kakari), while others need to be applied for directly with the respective office or foundation.

### Tuition (Fee) Exemption

Private students who are attending school full-time, having difficulty paying the tuition (fee) and possess an outstanding academic record may apply for an exemption. Applicants who have passed the screening can receive a partial or full tuition exemption, based on the budget of the university. The announcement is made part-way through the semester.

### Center for International Education and Exchange (CIEE) and Support Office

Center for International Education and Exchange (former International Student Center: ISC) supports international students and scholars with teams including Japanese Language Education, Advising, Students Exchange Program, and with Support Office for International Students and Scholars. CIEE provides international students with opportunities to study Japanese. Support Office assists new incoming international students and scholars with the residential assistance, application for certificate of eligibility for status of residence, providing other various information. The websites are located respectively at:

<http://ciee.osaka-u.ac.jp/en/> (CIEE)

<http://iss-intl.osaka-u.ac.jp/supportoffice> (Support Office)